- (2) of this section, as applicable, and will consider:
- (1) The extent to which the applicant demonstrates a firm commitment to promoting the use of minority business enterprises and women-owned businesses. For example, the applicant has used such businesses in the past, has set forth specific affirmative steps it will take to ensure that such businesses have an equal opportunity to obtain and compete for contracts, or both. These steps may include the steps outlined at 24 CFR 85.36(e) and 24 CFR 570.506(g)(6), but may not include awarding contracts solely or in part on the basis of race or gender. (See § 572.405(d).)
- (2) In the case of applications submitted by Indian tribes or IHAs, the requirements of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act, 25 U.S.C. 450e(b), apply. For such applicants, points for this factor will be assigned based on the extent to which the applicant demonstrates a firm commitment to promoting the use of minority business enterprises and women-owned businesses, to the maximum extent consistent with, but not in derogation of, the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act.
- (f) *Inventory.* In assigning points for this criterion, HUD will consider the extent to which the proposal will emphasize the use of eligible Federal properties.
- (g) Fair housing choice. In assigning points for this criterion, HUD will consider the degree to which the applicant's proposal furthers fair housing choice through its affirmative marketing strategy, the proposed areas in which eligible properties are located, or a combination of these factors.

## Subpart E—Other Federal Requirements

## § 572.400 Consolidated plan.

Applicants must provide a certification of consistency with the approved consolidated plan, in accordance with 24 CFR 91.510.

[60 FR 36018, July 12, 1995]

## § 572.405 Nondiscrimination and equal opportunity requirements.

In addition to the nondiscrimination and equal opportunity requirements set forth in 24 CFR part 5, the following requirements apply to homeownership programs under this part:

- (a) Modification of fair housing and nondiscrimination requirements for Indian tribes and IHAs. (1) The Indian Civil Rights Act (25 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.) applies to tribes when they exercise their powers of self-government. Thus, it is applicable in all cases when an IHA has been established by exercise of such powers. In the case of the IHA established pursuant to State law, the applicability of the Indian Civil Rights Act shall be determined on a case-bycase basis. Development subject to the Indian Civil Rights Act must be developed and operated in compliance with its provisions and all implementing HUD requirements, instead of title VI and the Fair Housing Act and their implementing regulations.
- (2) In the case of Indian tribes and IHAs, compliance with the requirements of this section shall be to the maximum extent consistent, but not in derogation of, the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450e(b)).
- (b) Affirmative fair housing marketing. The recipient must adopt a strategy for informing and soliciting applications from people who are least likely to apply, because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or national origin, for the program without special outreach, consistent with the affirmative fair housing marketing requirements. (See 24 CFR 92.351 for an example of an affirmative strategy.) Paragraph (b) of this section does not apply to Indian tribes and IHAs, as described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.
- (c) Authority for collection of racial, ethnic, and gender data. HUD requires submission of racial, ethnic, and gender data under this part under the authority of section 562 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1987 and section 808(e)(6) of the Fair Housing Act.
- (d) Requirements applicable to religious organizations. Where the applicant is,